

the estate of  
for, late of  
ceased, are  
accounts im-  
ve claims are  
counts legally  
tled by 22  
xecutors.

umber 2, 1783.

next, if fair, if  
d to public sale,  
e of captain John  
vert county,  
plantation, lying  
rlborough afore-  
aining 256 acres  
vantage of a fine  
d to the produce  
for making fine  
ear or about one  
ds with excellent  
good stream runs  
for a mill. Also  
nd, which may  
adow. The im-  
e with the neces-  
large tobacco  
he whole having  
past, there are  
s, with other va-  
uable; a general  
chafter will have  
inclinable may  
Clement Smith,  
certificates of any  
s and transferred  
will be taken in  
ich must be paid  
ay be convenient,  
on the day of sale,  
SIM SMITH.

umber 23, 1783.

three years,  
e subscriber now  
e name of Green-  
near 400 of which  
nity bushels of  
uation; ten acres  
t working hands;  
ls. There are on  
t brick dwelling  
four above, with  
acco houses, corn  
ell house. This  
is superior to most  
Immediate pos-  
cept a part of the  
of the first of April.  
now the terms by  
AVID KERR.

L D,

equal undivided  
y, to which there  
n elegant house in  
ormerly resided, a  
quantity of lands  
those already lo-  
portion of cedar  
ertility, of the soil  
d in regard to the  
that part of the  
eir permanent re-  
ended estates there-  
disputable, which  
ell as the terms of

HURCHMAN.

umber 16, 1783.

premises, on Sa-  
784, if fair, if not

lying at the lower  
containing up-  
rom Herring-bay,  
on Patuxent river,  
the soil is equal to  
d well adapted to  
ll grain; on it is  
ed; the improve-  
chen, meat house,  
quarters, two to-  
orchards, and a  
under good fence  
third of the pur-  
sue. Six months  
one year's credit  
money, on giving  
de with approved

be sold by public  
of men, women,  
hogs, sheep, &c.

CKS

bad at the

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arles-Street.

(XXXIXth YEAR.)

T H B

(No. 1931.)

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, JANUARY 15, 1784.

An ACT to raise the supplies for the ensuing year.

[Concluded.]

**AND** be it enacted, That the collector of each county, at the time of the settle- ment of his account, shall pay to every commissioner ten shillings for each day he shall necessarily attend; and shall also pay to the said commissioners, for the use of their clerk, a sum not exceeding eighty dollars, for his service under this act, and the amount of all the sums so paid shall, by the said commissioners, be allowed to the said collector on the settlement of his account, in which account shall be expressed the name of the clerk, and the sum of money to him allowed; and the said commissioners shall, after the receipt of the said sum for the use of their clerk, pay the same to him or his order, on demand, under the penalty of fifty pounds current money to the party grieved.

**And**, Whereas it is just that all persons who have ability should contribute in some degree towards the expences of government, **Be it enacted**, That all free able bodied single male inhabitants of this state, who are above the age of twenty-one years, and under fifty, and are not liable to be rated the sum of one hundred pounds current money, shall be rated the sum of fifteen shillings current money in lieu of all other taxes; and the same shall be col- lected by the collectors in the several counties in manner above mentioned, or by execution of the body or goods of the person making default; and it shall be lawful for every constable, and he is hereby directed, on taking the name of any such free male inhabitant, being a single man, to require him to give security for payment of the said fifteen shillings, and in case of refusal or delay, such con- stable shall carry him before some justice of the county, who, on refusal or delay to give security, shall commit the person to the goal of the county, there to remain till payment or security given there- for, and every collector and deputy collector is in- vested with the same power; and if any such person shall remove out of the county, it is declared to be the duty of any constable, collector, deputy col- lector or commissioner, acquainted therewith, to give information thereof to the collector or deputy collector, or some one of the commissioners, of the county where such person shall be, and any of them, on such notice, shall enquire after and may arrest such person, and carry him before some justice, who shall commit him to the goal of his county, there to remain till payment of thirty shillings cur- rent money, and the costs of imprisonment.

**And**, To ascertain what persons shall be deemed paupers, and not liable to pay any assessment for the support of government, **Be it enacted and declared**, That all persons, (not included in the above de- scription) whose property shall not be valued above ten pounds current money, shall be and are hereby declared paupers, and shall not be chargeable with any tax to the support of government.

**And be it enacted**, That if any collector shall be obliged to enforce the collection of the assessment by distress and sale, or by execution of the person, he shall receive the same fees as the sheriff is entitled to by law for the like service, payable in current mo- ney.

**And be it enacted**, That from all interest of money or tobacco which shall become due between the first day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-four, and the first day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-five, if paid at the time it becomes due, or within one month thereafter, the debtor may de- duct one twelfth part of the said interest, any agree- ment to the contrary notwithstanding, and any con- tract hereafter made to the contrary shall be void in law; and if any creditor shall refuse to allow such deduction, he shall forfeit treble the sum of money or quantity of tobacco by him so refused to be de- ducted, to the use of such debtor, and such debtor may recover the forfeiture on warrant before a justice of the peace, if the sum does not exceed his juris- diction, and if it does, by action at law, as for mo- ney or tobacco received to his use.

**And be it enacted**, That if any person appointed a commissioner, or to any office in virtue of this act, hath not heretofore taken the oaths (or if a quaker, menonist, or dunker, the affirmations) of fidelity and support to this state, such person shall, before he acts as such, take the oaths directed by this act, subscribe a declaration of his belief in the christian religion, and take the oath (or if a quaker, menon- ist, or dunker, the affirmation) of fidelity to this state, directed by the constitution, and the oath or affirma- tion prescribed by the act to punish certain crimes and misdemeanors, and to prevent the growth of to- rism; which oaths or affirmations any one of the

said commissioners, or any justice of the peace, may administer.

**And be it enacted**, That if any of the days appoint- ed by this act for the performance of any of the du- ties hereby required shall happen to be a Sunday, then such duties shall be performed on the day fol- lowing.

**And be it enacted**, That if any suit shall be brought against any person for any thing done in pursuance of this act, the suit shall be commenced within six months after the fact committed, and the defendant in any suit may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence, and that the same was done in pursuance and by authority of this act; and if it shall appear so to be done, or if any suit shall be brought after the time limited, then the jury shall find for the defendant, and if the plaintiff shall become nonsuit, or suffer a disconti- nuance, or if a verdict shall pass, or upon demurrer judgment shall be given, against him, the defendant shall recover treble costs, and have such remedy for the same as any defendant hath for costs of suit in other cases at law.

**And be it enacted**, That the holder of any certifi- cate for money borrowed by the public, or for al- lowances on the journal to public creditors, under the faith of the legislature of this state, that the same, or the interest thereof, should be discounted for taxes, may, if he requests the same, have his tax imposed by this act discounted, according to the en- gagement of the public, rating the money due for principal or interest discounted, according to the va- lue of the money when the certificate was given, such value to be ascertained by the scale of depreciation settled by the act to adjust the debts due from this state; and the holder of any certificate for grain, flour, or other provisions, purchased or taken, or for vessels or carriages hired or impressed, or houses rented, under any act of assembly of this state, pro- mising that the value or price should be discounted in payment of public taxes, may produce his certifi- cate to the commissioners of the tax for his county, and the commissioners are to adjudge, and endorse on the certificate, the value of the freight, hire, or rent aforesaid, or the market price in their county of the grain, flour, or other provisions, mentioned therein, in current money, at the time the same was delivered or taken; and the holder of such certifi- cate may have a discount of his tax imposed by this act not exceeding the sum due thereon, according to the value ascertained by the endorsement, and the collector shall endorse such discount, and the date when made, on such certificate, and shall thereto subscribe his name.

**And be it enacted**, That no collector shall have any allowance for any certificate or bank note, unless he will declare on oath (to be administered by either of the treasurers) that the said certificate or bank note was honestly and bona fide received or discounted in payment of the assessment due on the property in his county; and any collector swearing falsely in the premises, shall be liable to the same prosecution and punishment as in other cases of wilful and corrupt perjury, and shall incur all the disabilities attending such infamous crime.

**And be it enacted**, That the collector of the tax shall deliver to each person chargeable with property in their respective counties, a copy of the amount of their property, with the rate thereon, on or before the first day of Oct ber next, under the penalty of twenty pounds current money.

**And be it enacted**, That all that part of an act of assembly, entitled, An act for the defence of the bay, and to impose certain duties on imported arti- cles, which relates to the laying, imposing, and collecting duties on any goods, wares, or merchan- dises, imported, whether enumerated in said act or not enumerated, be and is hereby continued, and shall remain in full force for and during one year, unless the duty of five per cent. shall be granted to congress by the several states, and shall sooner take place.

Whereas the general assembly did engage to make provision for the punctual payment of interest on the debts due from the public, **Be it enacted**, That so much of the money collected in virtue of this act, as may be necessary, shall be first applied, and is here- by appropriated and set apart for the payment of one year's interest on such certificates as have been or shall be adjusted agreeable to the act relating to public creditors, and the general assembly will pro- vide for the constant and punctual payment of the annual interest, until the principal shall be dis- charged.

**And be it enacted**, That the coin received in virtue of this act, or continental bank notes if to be pro- cured, (not exceeding one half of the whole ass-ess-

ment) be remitted to the continental treasury, for the payment of the army, and that the residue be appropriated to discharge the civil list, and in such other manner as the general assembly shall direct.

**And be it enacted**, That Mr. Frederick Green, printer, according to his agreement with the house of delegates, shall print and stitch in blue paper co- vers five hundred copies of this act, and make up into eighteen parcels of twenty-seven copies each, directed to the commissioners named in this act for the several counties; and each commissioner shall keep one of the said copies for his own use, and the others shall, by the said commissioners, be distri- buted to the delegates and justices of the peace in their respective counties; which parcels the said printer shall endorse for the public service, and de- liver to the sheriff of Anne-Arundel county, on or before the tenth day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-four, under the penalty of twenty pounds; and the several sheriffs are hereby required to for- ward them in the same manner as public letters; and the printer shall deliver the residue of such co- pies to the clerks of the senate and house of dele- gates.

From the B A N N E T, September 3.

**T**HE couriers from Constantinople succeed each o- ther very rapidly, but nothing transpires of their dispatches. The preparations for war are continued every where; several regiments are arriving here from the Upper Hungary, and we expect besides, those of Alton and Caramelli. Magazines are forming at Neu- laz and Peterwardin, where notice has been given to the inhabitants, to order their matters so, as to find room in their stables for the horses of several squadrons of cavalry.

**CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 10.** The plague continues its ravages without intermission in this city: 173 per- sons were the victims of it yesterday. The passage of the Asiatic troops towards the frontiers of Europe still goes on. The divan assembles twice a day: and our bashaws who command in the frontier places are pro- vided with a prodigious quantity of ammunition and provisions.

**PEST, Sept. 29.** Warlike stores are continually brou- ht to this kingdom. The 4th of this month, 1500 head pieces were brought from Lintz to Vienna, which will soon be sent here. The line formed on the frontiers, is said to consist of 530,000 men.

L O N D O N, July 5.

A few days since a young man was accidentally drowned at Pavingham, near Bedford; his body was twenty minutes under water, and considered by num- bers as a corpse for three hours, when fortunately one of the directors of the humane society arrived. He heard of the melancholy event at Mr. Bond's, an emi- nent surgeon of the town; and that gentleman being absent from home, he went with his servant to the house of mourning. Though not of the faculty, he advised the methods recommended by the society to be put in full force, and humanely assisted in forwarding them, till his philanthropic labours were crowned with the most pleasing success, by restoring to life, to his country and his friends, a fellow creature.

**Oct. 14.** The Two Brothers, Major, from Dover, to Philadelphia, having sprung a leak, foundered about four leagues to the westward of the Eddystone Light- house: the crew with difficulty saved themselves in their boat.

**Oct. 21.** Several ships laden with goods originally in- tended for the subjects of the American states, have had their places of consignment changed to Nova-Scotia, where it is expected that British commodities will sell to great advantage among the new settlers.

As one means of reducing their public expences it is reported that the court of France intend to relinquish the possession of the island of Corsica, which they de- spair of ever being able to draw any advantage from, owing to the unwholesomeness of the climate, and the unconquerable animosity of the natives towards the French inhabitants.

Stocks yesterday fell one per cent. Without assum- ing any other gift than that of common sense, it may be predicted, that they will fall gradually for some time, and subside at a lower medium than ever was known to be the consequence of a peace.

We are assured from unquestionable authority, that the important business to be brought on early in the ses- sion before the house of commons, is relative to the East-India matters; and not as has been conjectured, on the Irish business, government being more easily on that head, since the meeting of their parliament, than they had been for some months before. It is to the east this country is to look to recruit her resources, and give a spur to her credit; a plan for that purpose is already prepared, and every individual member of the house of commons has been summoned to attend his duty, to give his sanction to measures replete with wisdom, and which will produce a revenue equal to the present ne- cessities of the state.

There are twelve young gentlemen now apprenticed to private ship builders in this kingdom, to learn the whole art of naval architecture. They are to be edu- cated at the sole expence of the czarina, and as they here- after merit will be placed at the head of the dock-yards